Name:



Year 7 English Vocabulary Lists



Our theme for the year is **identity**.

If you see a word in **CAPITALS**, it means that this is a core word for year and it will be repeated on all of the vocabulary lists. These are:

Anguished
Conflicted
Flawed
Invincible
Neglected
Precarious
Solace
Solitary
Unsettled
Victimise

HT1 and HT2 'My Sister Lives on the Mantelpiece' - Vocabulary List

W	ord	Meaning	In a sentence	Synonyms	Notes
1.	Bereaved	Adjective: experiencing the loss of a friend or family member.	The family were bereaved but found it hard to talk about their loss.	Deprived Grieving	
2.	Compassionate	Noun: a feeling of sympathy or concern.	Her compassionate nature meant that she was a very supportive friend.	Sympathetic Understanding	
3.	Derogatory	Adjective: being disrespectful or cruel.	The bully's derogatory comments made him feel terrible.	Disparaging Belittling	
4.	Discriminate	Verb: treating people unkindly and unfairly. This can be based on the grounds of ethnicity, sex, age, or disability.	It is wrong to discriminate against someone because of their religion.	Victimise Judge	
5.	Escapism	Noun: a way of feeling distracted through entertainment or a fantasy.	Music had always been his favourite form of escapism.	Distraction Imagination	
6.	Façade	Noun: a false appearance.	He put on a cheerful façade but, deep down, he was devastated.	Pretence Illusion	
7.	INVINCIBLE	Adjective: too powerful to be defeated.	After winning the race, she felt invincible .	Indestructible Unbeatable	
8.	Nurturing	Verb: caring for and encouraging the development of someone or something.	Her constant nurturing of her little brother meant that he didn't feel quite so alone.	Supporting Caring	
9.	Perplexed	Adjective: very puzzled or confused about something.	As he danced around his bedroom with a tie on his head, the cat gave him a perplexed look.	Baffled Bewildered	

10. NEGLECTED	Adjective: to suffer from not being cared for or looked after.	The neglected child wailed in the graveyard whilst the rain poured down.	Abandoned Overlooked
11. SOLITARY	Adjective: to be lonely/ alone.	She was a solitary character, preferring her own company to that of other people.	Reclusive Withdrawn
12. SOLACE	Noun: comfort in a time of sadness.	She always found solace in re-watching her favourite film.	Consolation Relief
13. ANGUISHED	Adjective: experiencing or expressing severe mental and/or physical pain and suffering.	She gave an anguished cry.	Agonised Tormented
14. VICTIMISE	Verb: to single someone out for cruel or unjust treatment.	The children victimised the newcomer by mocking and taunting him.	Exploit Persecute
15. PRECARIOUS	Adjective: in a dangerous state because of not being safe or not being held in place firmly.	The girl placed her favourite toy in a precarious position on the shelf.	Hazardous Dangerous
16. UNSETTLED	Adjective: to feel nervous, worried and unable to relax.	He was unsettled by the thought of leaving home, even though he wanted more freedom to make his own choices.	Agitated Perturbed
17. CONFLICTED	Adjective: to have confusing feelings that sometimes clash with each other.	She felt conflicted about her relationship with her best friend after they argued.	Confused Unsure
18. FLAWED	Adjective: to have a weakness or an imperfection in your character.	We are all flawed in one way or another, and this is what makes us human.	Imperfect Blemished

HT3 and HT4 'Great Expectations' - Vocabulary List

Word	Definition	In a sentence	Synonyms	Notes
1. NEGLECTED	Adjective: to suffer from not being cared for or looked after.	The neglected child wailed in the graveyard whilst the rain poured down.	Abandoned Overlooked	
2. SOLITARY	Adjective: to be lonely/ alone.	Pip is a solitary figure when he is on the marshes at the beginning of the novel.	Reclusive Withdrawn	
3. Defenceless	Adjective: without defence or protection; totally vulnerable.	The attack on the defenceless child was shocking to read about.	Vulnerable Helpless	
4. Petrifying	Adjective: when something is so frightening that you are unable to move.	When Pip meets the man in the marsh, it is a petrifying experience for him.	Alarming Appalling	
5. Intimidating	Adjective: to have a frightening or threatening effect on something or someone.	Pip's encounter with the man in the marsh was very intimidating.	Terrifying Menacing	
6. Ferocious	Adjective: fierce, violent and uncontrolled; savage.	He had a ferocious desire for revenge.	Savage Wild	
7. Bitter	Adjective: feeling or showing anger, hurt, or resentment because of bad experiences.	Miss Havisham is bitter due to her experience of being jilted at the altar.	Resentful Discontented	
8. Supercilious	Adjective: behaving as though you think yourself superior to others.	Estella has a supercilious attitude towards Pip when she calls him 'boy'.	Arrogant Condescending	
9. VICTIMISE	Verb: to single someone out for cruel or unjust treatment.	Miss Havisham encourages Estella to victimise Pip by mocking and taunting him.	Exploit Persecute	

10. UNSETTLED	Adjective: to feel nervous, worried and unable to relax.	Pip was unsettled by the thought of leaving home, even though he wanted to become a gentleman.	Agitated Perturbed
11. CONFLICTED	Adjective: to have confusing feelings that sometimes clash with each other.	She felt conflicted about her relationship with her best friend after they argued.	Confused Unsure
12. SOLACE	Noun: comfort in a time of sadness.	She always found solace in rereading her favourite book.	Consolation Relief
13. FLAWED	Adjective: to have a weakness or an imperfection in your character.	We are all flawed in one way or another, and this is what makes us human.	Imperfect Blemished
14. PRECARIOUS	Adjective: in a dangerous state because of not being safe or not being held in place firmly.	The boy's relationship with his family was in a precarious state.	Hazardous Dangerous
15. Incredulous	Adjective: unwilling or unable to believe something or someone.	The teacher looked incredulous at the student's excuse for not doing their homework.	Disbelieving Unconvinced
16. ANGUISHED	Adjective: experiencing or expressing severe mental and/or physical pain and suffering.	She gave an anguished cry.	Agonised Tormented
17. INVINCIBLE	Adjective: too powerful to be defeated.	After winning the race, she felt invincible.	Indestructible Unbeatable
18. Relinquished	Verb: to give up something such as a responsibility or claim.	The defeated king relinquished the crown after the battle.	Renounced Yielded

HT5 and HT6 'A Midsummer Night's Dream' - Vocabulary List

Vocabulary	Definition	In a sentence	Synonyms	Notes
1. ANGUISHED	Adjective:	She gave an	Agonised	
	experiencing or expressing severe mental or physical pain or suffering.	anguished cry.	Tormented	
2. INVINCIBLE	Adjective: too powerful to be defeated.	After winning the race, she felt invincible.	Indestructible Unbeatable	
3. VICTIMISE	Verb: to single someone out for cruel or unjust treatment.	The children victimised the newcomer by mocking and taunting him.	Exploit Persecute	
4. Malevolent	Adjective: having or showing a wish to do evil to others.	As soon as she saw the malevolent expression on the face of the man who had grabbed her arm, Miranda knew she was in danger.	Malicious Venomous	
5. Harmony	Noun: a consistent, orderly, or pleasing arrangement of parts.	The harmony between mother and daughter grew as they communicated more and more.	Balance Unity	
6. Chaos	Noun: complete disorder and confusion.	Snow caused chaos on the region's roads.	Disarray Disruption	
7. NEGLECTED	Adjective: to suffer from not being cared for or looked after.	The neglected child wailed in the graveyard whilst the rain poured down.	Abandoned Overlooked	
8. SOLACE	Noun: comfort in a time of sadness.	She always found solace in rewatching her favourite film.	Consolation Relief	
9. FLAWED	Adjective: to have a weakness or an imperfection in your character.	We are all flawed in one way or another, and this is what makes us human.	Imperfect Blemished	

10. PRECARIOUS	Adjective: in a dangerous state because of not being safe or not being held in place firmly.	The girl placed her favourite toy in a precarious position on the shelf.	Hazardous Dangerous	
11. SOLITARY	Adjective: to be lonely/ alone.	She was a solitary character, preferring her own company to that of other people.	Reclusive Withdrawn	
12. UNSETTLED	Adjective: to feel nervous, worried and unable to relax.	He was unsettled by the thought of leaving home, even though he wanted more freedom to make his own choices.	Agitated Perturbed	
13. CONFLICTED	Adjective: to have confusing feelings that sometimes clash with each other.	She felt conflicted about her relationship with her best friend after they argued.	Confused Unsure	

Prefix	Meaning	Example
Anti-	Against	Antisocial, anticlockwise, anti-hero
Auto-	Self/ own	Autobiography, autograph, autonomy
Bi-	Two	Bicycle, bilingual
Co-	With/ together	Cooperate, coincide
Com- and con-	With/ together	Combine, composition conform, congregate
De-	To take away/ reduce	Decompose, degrade, defuse
Dis-	Not/ no	Disagree, disobey, dishonest
Ex-	Out/ outside of	Export, exclude, exhale
Fore-	Before/ in front of	Forecast, forefront
II-	Not	Illegal, illogical
In-	No/ not/ non	Inactive, impossible, invisible, incorrect
Inter-	Between	International, interaction, interchangeable
Im-	No/ not/ non	Impatient, impossible, imperfect
Ir-	Not	Irresponsible, irrelevant, irresistible
Mid-	Middle, between	Midnight, midsummer
Mis-	Wrong	Misunderstand, misbehave, mislead
Non-	Not	Nonsense, non-fiction
Over-	Too much	Overheat, overconfident, overcrowding
Post-	After	Postwar, postgraduate
Pre-	Before	Preview, prehistoric
Pro-	In support of/ acting for	Pronoun, proclaim
Re-	Again	Rewrite, refill, rewrite, repeat
Semi-	Half	Semicircle, semi-final
Sub-	Under/ less important	Submerge, subconscious, subheading
Super-	Greater	Supermarket, superhuman
Trans-	Across/ through/ changing	Transport, transatlantic, translucent
Un-	Not	Unhappy, unfair, unlock, unload
Under-	Below	Underground, underestimate, underhand

Suffix	Meaning	Example	
-able, -ible	Capable of being something	Breakable, reversible, adorable	
-al, -ial Relating to		Personal, industrial	
-ate	To become	Articulate, abdicate	
-ed	Past tense	Walked, jumped	
-en	Made of, to become	Wooden, strengthen	
-er	Comparative (more or less of something)	Lower, higher	
-esque	Reminiscent of	Grotesque, picturesque	
-est	Superlative (the most of something)	Fastest, smallest	
-ful	Full of	Hopeful, beautiful, painful	
-ic, -ical	Describing a trait	Poetic, musical, magnetic	
-ing	Present tense	Singing, dancing, performing	
-ity, -ty	Quality of	Activity, society	
-ive, -ative, -itive	Inclined to	Active, creative, sensitive	
-less	Without	Hopeless, fearless, flawless	
-ly	Adverb (the manner of something that is done)	Quickly, softly, lovely	
-ment	The result of an action (usually changes a verb into a noun)	Enjoyment, development, government, fulfilment	
-ness	The state of quality of something	Happiness, darkness, sadness	
-ous, -eous, -ious	Full of	Joyous, courteous, ambitious, nervous	
-s, -es	Plural	Books, boxes	
-tion/ -sion	To make an abstract noun	Pollution, celebration, confusion, vision	
-y	Liking to	Funny, windy	