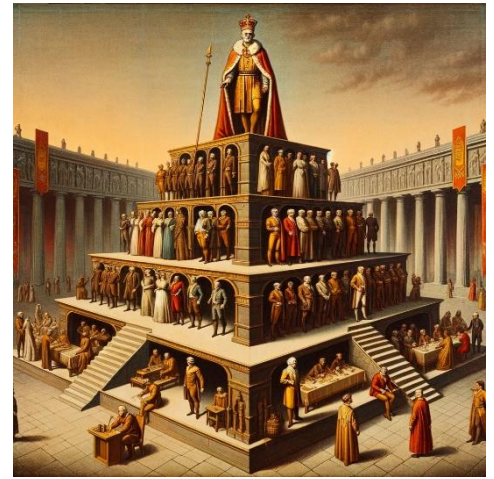




Name:

Year 9 English Vocabulary Lists



Our theme for the year is **power**.

If you see a word in **CAPITALS**, it means that this is a core word for year and it will be repeated on all of the vocabulary lists. These are:

Your core words from Years 7 and 8 are below:

Year 9:

Collude
Corrupt
Depravity
Duplicitous
Exploit
Insidious
Oppression
Subservient
Tyrannical
Violate

Year 8:

Authoritarian



Obliterated



Catalyst



Omniscient



Dedication



Ostracise



Futile



Retribution



Nefarious



Submissive



Year 7:

Anguished



Precarious



Conflicted



Solace



Flawed



Solitary



Invincible



Unsettled












Neglected












Victimise




















HT1 and HT2 'Animal Farm' – Vocabulary List

Word	Definition	In a sentence	Synonyms	Notes
1. EXPLOIT 	Verb: to selfishly take advantage of someone in order to profit from them.	To exploit someone is to make them feel powerless and desperate.	Manipulate Use	
2. TYRANNICAL 	Adjective: the behaviour of someone who governs their people in an unjust and violent way.	The leader's tyrannical rule meant that he abused his power.	Dictatorial Oppressive	
3. Visionary 	Adjective (can also be a noun): thinking about or planning the future with imagination or wisdom.	The visionary leader inspired her people to believe in a better future.	Idealist Prophet	
4. OPPRESSION 	Noun: the cruel and unjust treatment of others.	Throughout history, people have risen up against oppression .	Persecution Abuse	
5. SUBSERVIENT 	Adjective: to be prepared to obey others unquestioningly.	Traditionally, women were expected to adopt a subservient role in society.	Obedient Dutiful	
6. Utopia 	Noun: an imagined perfect place or society. The term is taken from Sir Thomas More's book of the same name (published in 1516), which describes such a society.	The people imagined a utopia where they were free and safe from harm.	Paradise Idyll	
7. INSIDIOUS 	Adjective: to behave in a gradual, subtle way, but with very harmful effects.	Insidious rumours were spread about her.	Stealthy Deceptive	
8. Guile 	Adjective: sly or cunning intelligence.	It was well known that the politician used guile to get her own way.	Slyness Dishonesty	
9. DUPLICITOUS 	Adjective: deceitful; to cheat or lie.	He's deeply duplicitous and not to be trusted.	Dishonest Underhand	










<p>10. CORRUPT</p> 	<p>Adjective: having or showing a willingness to act dishonestly in return for money or personal gain.</p>	<p><i>The dictator's behaviour became increasingly corrupt.</i></p>	<p>Dishonourable Amoral</p>	
<p>11. COLLUDE</p> 	<p>Verb: to cooperate in a secret or unlawful way in order to deceive or gain an advantage over others.</p>	<p><i>She accused her opponents of colluding with one another.</i></p>	<p>Conspire Plot</p>	
<p>12. Distorted</p> 	<p>Adjective: misleading and inaccurate.</p>	<p><i>The programme presented a completely distorted version of the truth.</i></p>	<p>False Twisted</p>	
<p>13. VIOLATE</p> 	<p>Verb: to treat (something sacred) with carelessness, thoughtlessness or disrespect.</p>	<p><i>The students violated the rules and they were punished for it.</i></p>	<p>Destroy Defile</p>	
<p>14. Schism</p> 	<p>Noun: a split or division between strongly opposed sections or parties, caused by differences in opinion or belief.</p>	<p><i>The schism between the former allies grew ever deeper.</i></p>	<p>Rift Breach</p>	
<p>15. Blatant</p> 	<p>Adjective: something bad that is done openly and unashamedly.</p>	<p><i>Despite the blatant foul, the player escaped a yellow card.</i></p>	<p>Undisguised Flagrant</p>	
<p>16. DEPRAVITY</p> 	<p>Noun: moral corruption; wickedness.</p>	<p><i>War often leads people to behave with depravity.</i></p>	<p>Corruption Immorality</p>	
<p>17. Discard</p> 	<p>Verb: to get rid of someone or something that is no longer useful or desirable.</p>	<p><i>She bundled up the clothes she had discarded carelessly on the floor.</i></p>	<p>Reject Cast aside</p>	
<p>18. Unveil</p> 	<p>Verb: to show or announce something publicly for the first time.</p>	<p><i>Her evil was unveiled for all to see.</i></p>	<p>Expose Reveal</p>	










HT3 and HT4 'Othello' - Vocabulary List

Word	Definition	In a sentence	Synonyms	Notes
1. EXPLOIT 	Verb: to selfishly take advantage of someone in order to profit from them.	To exploit someone is to make them feel powerless and desperate.	Manipulate Use	
2. TYRANNICAL 	Adjective: the behaviour of someone who governs their people in an unjust and violent way.	The leader's tyrannical rule meant that he abused his power.	Dictatorial Oppressive	
3. INSIDIOUS 	Adjective: to behave in a gradual, subtle way, but with very harmful effects.	Insidious rumours were spread about her.	Stealthy Deceptive	
4. CORRUPT 	Adjective: having or showing a willingness to act dishonestly in return for money or personal gain.	The dictator's behaviour became increasingly corrupt .	Dishonourable Amoral	
5. DUPLICITOUS 	Adjective: deceitful; to cheat or lie.	He's deeply duplicitous and not to be trusted.	Dishonest Underhand	
6. SUBSERVIENT 	Adjective: to be prepared to obey others unquestioningly.	Traditionally, women were expected to adopt a subservient role in society.	Obedient Dutiful	
7. COLLUDE 	Verb: to cooperate in a secret or unlawful way in order to deceive or gain an advantage over others.	She accused her opponents of colluding with one another.	Conspire Plot	
8. DEPRAVITY 	Noun: moral corruption; wickedness.	War often leads people to behave with depravity .	Corruption Immorality	
9. VIOLATE 	Verb: to treat (something sacred) with carelessness, thoughtlessness or disrespect.	The students violated the rules and they were punished for it.	Destroy Defile	

<p>10. Usurp</p> 	<p>Verb: to take (a position of power or importance) illegally or by force.</p>	<p><i>The revolutionaries usurped the throne and seized control of the country.</i></p>	<p>Seize Overthrow</p>	
<p>11. Covert</p> 	<p>Adjective: not openly acknowledged or displayed.</p>	<p><i>During the lesson, the student's covert actions went unnoticed by the oblivious teacher.</i></p>	<p>Secretive Surreptitious</p>	
<p>12. Machiavellian</p> 	<p>Adjective: to behave in a cunning, scheming and sly way.</p>	<p><i>She behaved in a Machiavellian way to ensure she was promoted.</i></p>	<p>Devious Conniving</p>	
<p>13. Audacity</p> 	<p>Noun: bold or arrogant disregarding of normal rules of behaviour.</p>	<p><i>The notorious criminal had the audacity to pretend that she was innocent.</i></p>	<p>Arrogance Nerve</p>	
<p>14. Pernicious</p> 	<p>Adjective: to have a harmful effect, especially in a gradual or subtle way.</p>	<p><i>Television can have a pernicious effect on young children.</i></p>	<p>Harmful Dangerous</p>	
<p>15. OPPRESSION</p> 	<p>Noun: the cruel and unjust treatment of others.</p>	<p><i>Throughout history, people have risen up against oppression.</i></p>	<p>Persecution Abuse</p>	
<p>16. Inexorable</p> 	<p>Adjective: when you cannot stop or prevent something from happening.</p>	<p><i>There has been an inexorable rise in the cost of living in recent times.</i></p>	<p>Unavoidable Inescapable</p>	
<p>17. Virtuous</p> 	<p>Adjective: showing moral integrity.</p>	<p><i>She was the most honest and virtuous woman he had ever met.</i></p>	<p>Honourable Moral</p>	
<p>18. Devoid</p> 	<p>Adjective: completely lacking in something.</p>	<p><i>His voice was devoid of any emotion as he ended the relationship.</i></p>	<p>Without Empty (of)</p>	

HT5 and HT6 Powerful voices – Vocabulary List

Word	Definition	In a sentence	Synonyms	Notes
1. Abhorrent 	Adjective: inspiring hate and disgust, especially for moral reasons.	<i>Racial discrimination is abhorrent and the school does not tolerate it.</i>	Detestable Despicable	
2. Precarious (Y7) 	Adjective: in a dangerous state because of not being safe or not being held in place firmly.	<i>The boy's relationship with his family was in a precarious state.</i>	Hazardous Perilous	
3. OPPRESSION 	Noun: the cruel and unjust treatment of others.	<i>Throughout history, people have risen up against oppression.</i>	Persecution Abuse	
4. Obliterated (Y8) 	Verb: to destroy utterly; wipe out.	<i>The memory was so painful that he obliterated it from his mind.</i>	Destroy Demolish	
5. Submissive (Y8) 	Adjective: ready to conform to the authority or will of others.	<i>He expected his children to be meek and submissive.</i>	Obedient Compliant	
6. TYRANNICAL 	Adjective: the behaviour of someone who governs their people in an unjust and violent way.	<i>The leader's tyrannical rule meant that he abused his power.</i>	Dictatorial Oppressive	
7. Anguished (Y7) 	Adjective: experiencing or expressing severe mental and/or physical pain and suffering.	<i>She gave an anguished cry.</i>	Agonised Tormented	
8. Catalyst (Y8) 	Noun: a person or thing that precipitates/ causes an event.	<i>The prime minister's speech acted as a catalyst for debate.</i>	Stimulus Trigger	
9. SUBSERVIENT 	Adjective: to be prepared to obey others unquestioningly.	<i>Traditionally, women were expected to adopt a subservient role in society.</i>	Obedient Dutiful	

<p>10. COLLUDE</p> 	<p>Verb: to cooperate in a secret or unlawful way in order to deceive or gain an advantage over others.</p>	<p><i>She accused her opponents of colluding with one another.</i></p>	<p>Conspire Plot</p>	
<p>11. CORRUPT</p> 	<p>Adjective: having or showing a willingness to act dishonestly in return for money or personal gain.</p>	<p><i>The dictator's behaviour became increasingly corrupt.</i></p>	<p>Dishonourable Amoral</p>	
<p>12. EXPLOIT</p> 	<p>Verb: to selfishly take advantage of someone in order to profit from them.</p>	<p><i>To exploit someone is to make them feel powerless and desperate.</i></p>	<p>Manipulate Use</p>	
<p>13. DUPLICITOUS</p> 	<p>Adjective: deceitful; to cheat or lie.</p>	<p><i>He's deeply duplicitous and not to be trusted.</i></p>	<p>Dishonest Underhand</p>	
<p>14. INSIDIOUS</p> 	<p>Adjective: to behave in a gradual, subtle way, but with very harmful effects.</p>	<p><i>Insidious rumours were spread about her.</i></p>	<p>Stealthy Deceptive</p>	
<p>15. VIOLATE</p> 	<p>Verb: to treat (something sacred) with carelessness, thoughtlessness or disrespect.</p>	<p><i>The students violated the rules and they were punished for it.</i></p>	<p>Destroy Defile</p>	
<p>16. Covetous</p> 	<p>Adjective: having a strong desire for the things that other people have.</p>	<p><i>He knew his friends were covetous of his new possessions.</i></p>	<p>Rapacious Desirous</p>	
<p>17. DEPRAVITY</p> 	<p>Noun: moral corruption; wickedness.</p>	<p><i>War often leads people to behave with depravity.</i></p>	<p>Corruption Immorality</p>	
<p>18. Solace (Y7)</p> 	<p>Noun: comfort in a time of sadness.</p>	<p><i>She always found solace in rereading her favourite book.</i></p>	<p>Consolation Relief</p>	

Prefix	Meaning	Example
Anti-	Against	Antisocial, anticlockwise, anti-hero
Auto-	Self/ own	Autobiography, autograph, autonomy
Bi-	Two	Bicycle, bilingual
Co-	With/ together	Cooperate, coincide
Com- and con-	With/ together	Combine, composition conform, congregate
De-	To take away/ reduce	Decompose, degrade, defuse
Dis-	Not/ no	Disagree, disobey, dishonest
Ex-	Out/ outside of	Export, exclude, exhale
Fore-	Before/ in front of	Forecast, forefront
Il-	Not	Illegal, illogical
In-	No/ not/ non	Inactive, impossible, invisible, incorrect
Inter-	Between	International, interaction, interchangeable
Im-	No/ not/ non	Impatient, impossible, imperfect
Ir-	Not	Irresponsible, irrelevant, irresistible
Mid-	Middle, between	Midnight, midsummer
Mis-	Wrong	Misunderstand, misbehave, mislead
Non-	Not	Nonsense, non-fiction
Over-	Too much	Overheat, overconfident, overcrowding
Post-	After	Postwar, postgraduate
Pre-	Before	Preview, prehistoric
Pro-	In support of/ acting for	Pronoun, proclaim
Re-	Again	Rewrite, refill, rewrite, repeat
Semi-	Half	Semicircle, semi-final
Sub-	Under/ less important	Submerge, subconscious, subheading
Super-	Greater	Supermarket, superhuman
Trans-	Across/ through/ changing	Transport, transatlantic, translucent
Un-	Not	Unhappy, unfair, unlock, unload
Under-	Below	Underground, underestimate, underhand

Suffix	Meaning	Example
-able, -ible	Capable of being something	Breakable, reversible, adorable
-al, -ial	Relating to	Personal, industrial
-ate	To become	Articulate, abdicate
-ed	Past tense	Walked, jumped
-en	Made of, to become	Wooden, strengthen
-er	Comparative (more or less of something)	Lower, higher
-esque	Reminiscent of	Grotesque, picturesque
-est	Superlative (the most of something)	Fastest, smallest
-ful	Full of	Hopeful, beautiful, painful
-ic, -ical	Describing a trait	Poetic, musical, magnetic
-ing	Present tense	Singing, dancing, performing
-ity, -ty	Quality of	Activity, society
-ive, -ative, -itive	Inclined to	Active, creative, sensitive
-less	Without	Hopeless, fearless, flawless
-ly	Adverb (the manner of something that is done)	Quickly, softly, lovely
-ment	The result of an action (usually changes a verb into a noun)	Enjoyment, development, government, fulfilment
-ness	The state of quality of something	Happiness, darkness, sadness
-ous, -eous, -ious	Full of	Joyous, courteous, ambitious, nervous
-s, -es	Plural	Books, boxes
-tion/ -sion	To make an abstract noun	Pollution, celebration, confusion, vision
-y	Liking to	Funny, windy